

## Honeywell

## BURNERS: FLAME SHAPES/TYPES



LAR Training May 2015

### **Typical Industrial Combustion System**



Combustion is liberation of energy from fuel to create usable heat





















XPO Burner <u>Operation Range</u> Sub 10ppm NOx at 4.5 - 5.2% O2 Sub 20ppm NOx at 3 - 4 % O2





## In-Duct, Incineration, and Conductive (Flat Flame)











# Combustion Safeguard and Good Control





$$d = \sqrt{\frac{Q_A \times 4}{60 \text{ ft/s x 3600 s/hr x } \pi}} x \frac{12''/\text{ft}}{x 12''/\text{ft}}$$
$$Q_A = Q_{\text{stp}} \times \frac{460 + T_2}{460 + T_1} \times \frac{14.7 + P_1}{14.7 + P_2}$$



#### LAR Training







- 1. Air control valve
- 2. High precision connecting linkcage

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- 3. Fuel control valve
- 4. Access cover to turning screw
- 5. Viewing window







### Emission requirements

- Less then 50ppm NOx
- Less then 200ppm CO

### • High turndown requirements

- 50 to 1 thermal turndown on packaged burners
- 100 to 1 thermal turndown on EB burners
- 10 to 1 emission turndown on all burners
- Capacities up to 6.5 MM Btu/hr
- Where standard OVENPAKS can't meet emissions
- Where Ultra Low Emissions burners exceed emission requirements, are too expensive, or have insufficient turndown
- ANY NEW APPLICATION