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# **Approvals**



**UL Listed: File No. MH16727** 



CSA Certified: 1133914 & 1010989



FM Approved: Report J.1.0V9A8.AF

Commonwealth of Massachusetts Approved Product Approval code G1-1107-35

#### **Attention**



The installation and maintenance of this product must be done under the supervision of an experienced and trained specialist. Never perform work if gas pressure or power is applied, or in the presence of an open flame.



Check the ratings in the specifications to verify that they are suitable for your application.



Please read the instruction before installing or operating. Keep the instruction in a safe place. You find the instruction also at www. dungs.com If these instructions are not heeded, the result may be personal injury or damage to property.

Safety first O.K.

On completion of work on the safety shutoff valve, perform a leakage and function test.



Any adjustment and applicationspecific adjustment values must be made in accordance with the equipment manufacturers instructions.

IFGC UL ANSI NFPA This product is intended for installations covered by, but not limited to, the following codes and standards: NFPA 54, IFGC (International Fuel Gas Code), or CSA B149.1 (for Canada) or the following equipment codes and standards: CSD-1, ANSI Z83.18, ANSI Z83.4/CSA 3.7, ANSI Z21.13/CSA 4.9, or CSA B149.3

(for Canada).

#### **Explanation of symbols**

1, 2, 3 ... = Action • = Instruction

**∞** MC • Karl Dungs, Inc. • MV.../602 • Edition 2016.11 • P/N 261402

# MV Normally closed automatic shutoff valve, fas opening, fast closing. MVD Normally closed automatic shutoff valve, fast opening, fast closing. Adjustable max. flow. MVDLE Normally closed automatic shutoff valve, slow opening, fast closing. Adjustable initial lift. Adjustable max. flow









Max. Operating Pressure MVD 7 PSI (500 mbar) UL, FM; 5 PSI (345 mbar) CSA MVDLE 3 PSI (200 mbar) UL, FM; 2 PSI (140 mbar) CSA Max. Closing Pressure 15 PSI (1000 mbar) FM

Electrical Ratings Available 120 VAC / 60 Hz; 24 VAC / 60 Hz in some models 24 VDC (CSA) Operating time 100 % duty cycle

Enclosure Ratings Available NEMA Type 12





#### Gases

Dry, natural gas, propane, butane; other noncorrosive gases. A "dry" gas has a dew point lower than + 15 °F and its relative humidity is less than 60 %.

Materials in contact with Gas
Housing: Aluminium and Steel
Sealings on valve seats: NBR-based rubber.

**Ambient / Fluid Temperature** 

-20 °F to +120 °F

(-30 °C to +50 °C)



Visual Indicator CPI 400 SPDT valve switch with visual indication Closing Time

<1s

Opening Time MVD series: < 1 s

MVDLE series: 10 to 20 s at 70 °F

Max. Flow Setting (MVD and MVDLE only)

Adjustable from <10 to 100 % of total flow; < 10 to 100 % of stroke Initial Lift Adjustment (MVDLE series only) Adjustable from 0 to 70 % of total flow;

Adjustable from 0 to 70 % of total flow 0 to 25 % of stroke





#### Strainer

23 Mesh, installed in the housing upstream valve seat

#### **Electrical Connection**

Screw terminals with 1/2" NPT conduit connection

# Capacity

Capacity in CFH at pressure drop of 1 inch water column; natural gas, sp.gr. = 0.64

Valve Type	Size	CFH
MV 505, MVD 505, MVDLE 205	1/2" NPT	250
MV 507, MVD 507, MVDLE 207	3/4" NPT	575
MVD 510, MVDLE 210	1" NPT	825
MVD 512, MVDLE 212	1 1/4" NPT	1250
MVD 515, MVDLE 215	1 1/2" NPT	1700
MVD 520, MVDLE 220	2" NPT	2700
MVD 525, MVDLE 225	2 1/2" NPT	3900
MVD 530, MVDLE 230	3" NPT	5100

## Mounting

#### **Installation Position**

Safety shutoff valve from vertically upright to horizontal.

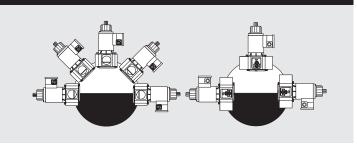


If the flow is not in the same direction of the arrows, the valve will not operate properly.

- Examine the valve for shipping damage.
- The main gas supply must be shut off before installation.
- The inside of the valve, threads and piping all must be clean and free of dirt. Failure to remove dirt/debris could result in valve damage or cause improper performance.

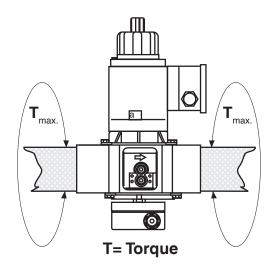
#### **Recommended Piping Procedure**

- Use new, properly reamed and threaded pipe free of chips.
- Apply good quality pipe sealant, putting a moderate amount on the male threads only. If pipe sealant lodges on the valve seat, it will prevent proper operation. If using LP gas, use pipe sealant rated for use with LP gas.
- Do not thread pipe too far. Valve distortion and/or malfunction may result from excess pipe in the valve body.
- Apply counter pressure only a parallel jaw wrench only to the flats on the flange when screwing the pipe into the flanges.
- Do not overtighten the pipe. Follow the maximum torque values listed below.
- After installation is complete, perform a leak test.
- When using the side taps, apply a max. torque of 7 Nm.





If the flow is not in the same direction of the arrows the valve will not operate properly.



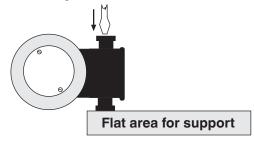


Recommended Torque for Piping	1/2"	3/4"	1"	11/4"	11/2"	2"	2 1/2"	3"	NPT pipe
	443	752	1106	1770	1991	2213	2876	3540	[lb-in]

# Wiring

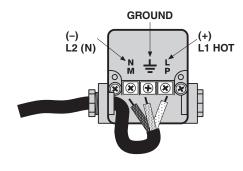
#### **Wiring Procedure**

- 1. Remove the junction box cover to expose the three terminals.
- 2. The coil can be rotated to accommodate a conduit connection in any position.
- 3. Use only one of the knock-outs for connecting conduit to the junction box. Support the opposite side of the junction box when removing the knock-out.



- 4. Run 14 or 16 guage wire rated for 95 °C(200 °F) through the conduit, and attach 1/2" NPT conduit to the junction
- 5. Use appropriate tools to connect the conduit fitting to the junction box.

6. Make electrical connections to the terminals using the wiring diagram.



- Install a conduit plug at some point in the conduit run between the MVD junction box and closest panel that contains sparking contacts or other sparking devices (see NFPA 86 requirements).
- 8. Replace junction box cover.



All wiring must comply with local electrical codes, ordinances and regulations.

# **Painting Valve**

- It is not recommended that this valve be painted. Painting covers date codes and other labels that identify this valve.
- If the valve needs to be painted, a paint free of volitile organic componants (VOC's) must be used. VOC's can damage valve o-rings, resulting in external gas leakage over time.
- During the painting process, use measures that will allow the valve's date code and other labeling information to be legible after the paint is dry.

# **Protection from Radiant Heat**

- Radiant heat must be considered as a heat source that could result in an ambient temperature higher than the rating of this valve.
- Provide propor shielding to protect against radiant heat.

# **Multiple Burner & Pulse Fired Applications**

On **multiple burner applications**, the following requirements apply:

- A manually operated shutoff valve shall be installed downsteam of each individual burner safety shutoff valve.
- The backpressure on the individual burner safety shutoff valve shall be measured during the commissioning of the furnace to verify that while all other burners are firing and the individual burner safety shutoff valve shall is de-energized, the backpressure does not exceed 2 PSI. Measuring the backpressure shall also be repeated during purge and post purge. A pressure guage can be used to measure the backpressure.

When using these valves on **pulse fired applications**, the following apply:

- Before installing the valve, the inside of all gas piping upstream to the nearest filter shall be cleaned, and that filter shall have an insert with mesh no larger than 50 micron.
- The valve shall be installed in the upright position.
- The valve shall be applied within all of its ratings. The type of gas, the ambient temperature, and the cycle rate of the valve are critical.
- The valve shall be leak tested as least annually.
- After the cycle life has been exceeded, the valve shall be immedicately replaced.

# **Valve Adjustment**

#### Max. Flow Setting

 The valves are factory set with the flow adjustment fully open.

Before igniting the burner, verify that gas flow at the factory setting does not create a light-off hazard.

- Locate the flow adjustment on top of the valve [MVD (black knob) MVDLE (base of the hydraulic brake)]. There are two screws, the holding screw is recessed and has a blue sealing compound on it, while the pan head screw protrudes from the cap.
- 2. Loosen the pan head screw until you can freely rotate the flow adjustment.
- 3. Turn clockwise for less gas or counterclockwise for more gas. (see arrows on valve)
- 4. Check the flow at the burner with an orifice or flow meter.
- 5. Tighten the pan head screw on the adjustment cap.

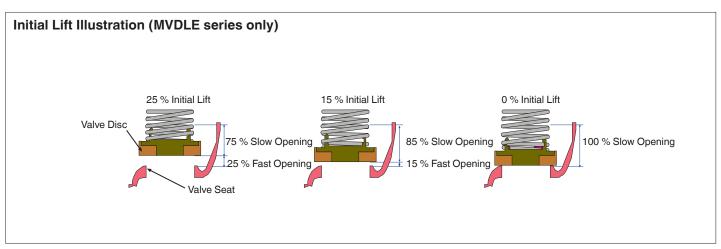
#### Initial Lift Adjustment (MVDLE series only)

This adjustment can vary the initial flow between 0 % and 70 % of the total gas flow; 0 to 25 % of stroke. All MVDLE valves are factory set with no initial lift.

To adjust the intial lift:

- 1. Unscrew the small black cap on top of the flow adjustment cap to expose the initial lift adjustment knob.
- 2. The black cap also serves as a tool; turn the cap over and insert it on the slot on the adjustment knob.
- Turn the knob clockwise for a min. initial lift or counterclockwise for a max, initial lift.
- 4. Once the desired initial fast lift has been achieved, reinstall the black cap.

Do not adjust or remove any screws or bolts which are sealed with a Red or Blue colored compound. Doing so will void all approvals and warranties.



## Valve Leakage Test

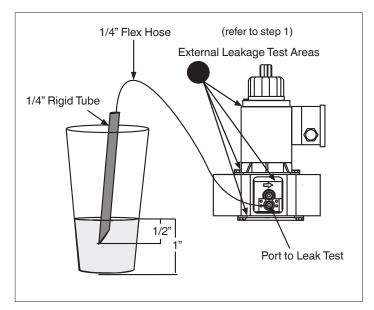
This leak test procedure tests the external sealing and valve seat sealing capabilities of two MVD and MVDLE automatic safety shutoff valves in series. Only qualified personnel should perform this test.

It is required that this test be done on the initial system startup, and then repeated at least annually. Possibly more often depending on the application, environmental parameters, and the requirements of the authority having jurisdiction.

#### Setup

This test requires the following:

- Test nipples installed in the downstream pressure tap port of each automatic safety shutoff valve to make the required 1/4" hose connection in step 4.
- A transparent glass of water filled at least 1 inch from the bottom.
- A proper leak test tube. An aluminum or copper 1/4" rigid tube with a 45° cut at the end that is then connected to a 1/4" flexible hose of some convenient length provides for a more accurate leakage measurement. However, a 45° cut at the end of the 1/4" flexible hose will suffice, but it will not likely be as accurate as the rigid tube.
- For detecting external leakages, an all purpose liquid leak detector solution or a soapy water solution is required.



#### **Leak Test Procedure**

Use the illustration below as a reference.

- 1. With the upstream ball valve open, the downstream ball valve closed and both valves energized, apply an all purpose liquid leak detector solution to the "External Leakage Test Areas" indicated in the illustration below, to any accessories mounted to the safety valve, and to all gas piping and gas components downstream the equipment isolation valve, and the inlet and outlet gas piping for each automatic safety shutoff valve. The presence of bubbles indicates a leak, which needs to be rectified before proceeding.
- 2. Then, de-energize the burner system and verify that both automatic safety shutoff valves are closed.
- 3. Close the upstream and downstream manual ball valve.
- 4. Open the downstream test nipple of the upstream valve, and connect the 1/4" flexible hose to the test nipple.
- 5. Slowly open the upstream manual ball valve, and then provide for some time to allow potential leakage to charge the test chamber before measuring the valve seat leakage.
- 6. Immerse the 1/4 in. tube vertically 1/2 in. (12.7 mm) below the water surface. If bubbles emerge from the 1/4" tube and after the leakage rate has stabilized, count the number of bubbles appearing during a 10 second period. (See chart below for allowable leakage rates.)
- 7. Close the test nipple and repeat the procedure for the downstream automatic safety shutoff valve except that valve #1 needs to be opened during the leakage test.

# After completing the above tests proceed as follows:

- 8. Verify that the downstream manual ball valve is closed, and both automatic safety shutoff valves are de-energized.
- Remove the flexible hose, and close all test nipples.
- 10. With the upstream manual ball valve open, energize both automatic safety shutoff valves.
- 11.Use soapy water to leak test all test nipples to ensure that there are no leaks.
- 12.If no leakage is detected, de-energize all automatic safety shutoff valves, and open the downstream manual ball valve.



If leakage values are exceeded, replace valve immediately.

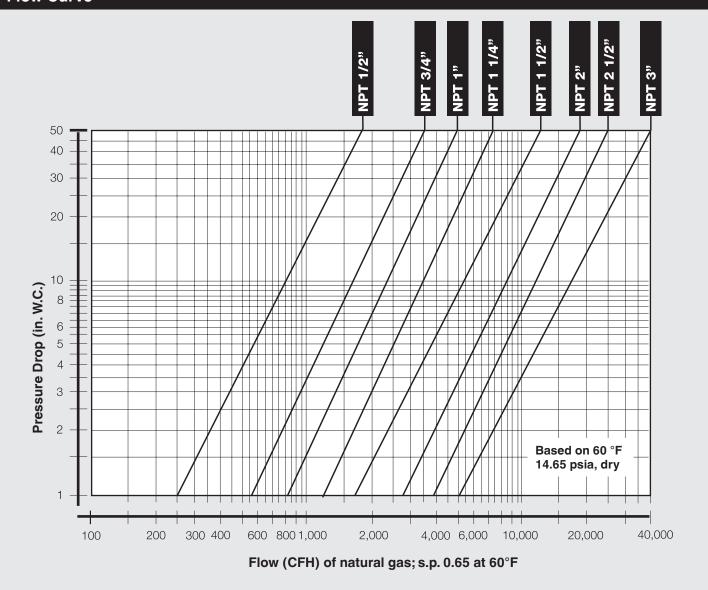
Туре	Allowable Valve Seat	# of Bubbles in 10 s		
	Leakage* up to 7 PSI inlet	Air	Natural Gas	LP
MV 505, MVD 505, MVDLE 205	235 cc/hr	4	5	4
MV 507, MVD 507, MVDLE 207	235 cc/hr	4	5	4
MVD 510, MVDLE 210	277 cc/hr	5	6	5
MVD 512, MVDLE 212	425 cc/hr	8	9	8
MVD 515, MVDLE 215	425 cc/hr	8	9	8
MVD 520, MVDLE 220	555 cc/hr	10	13	9
MVD 525, MVDLE 225	620 cc/hr	11	14	10
MVD 530, MVDLE 230	750 cc/hr	14	18	13

\*Based on air and test conditions per UL 429 Section 29. (Air or inert gas at a pressure of 1/4 psig and also at a pressure of one and one-half times maximum operating pressure differential, but not less than 1/2 psig. This test shall be applied with the valve installed in its intended position.) Volume of bubble defined in Table 2 of FCI 70-2-1998.

# **Test Ports Test Port** The 1/4 inch NPT taps are available on both sides upstream of the valve seat and downstream of the valve seat. Initial Lift Adjustment Max Flow Adjustment 1/4" NPT Upstream port 1 Strainer $\boldsymbol{1}$

1/4" NPT Downstream port 2

# **Flow Curve**



#### Pressure drop for other gases

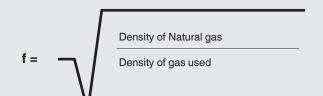
To determine the pressure drop when using a gas other than natural gas, use the flow formula below and f value located in the table below to determine

the "corrected" flow rate in CFH through the valve for the other gas used. For example, when using propane, divide the volume (CFH) of propane required for the application by the calculated value

f (f = 0.66 for propane). Use this "corrected" flow rate and the flow curve on the next page to determine pressure drop for propane.

### Determining equivalent flow through valves using another gas





Type of gas	Density [kg/m³]	s.g.	f
Natural gas	0.81	0.65	1.00
Butane	2.39	1.95	0.58
Propane	1.86	1.50	0.66
Air	1.24	1.00	0.80



Accessories & Replacement				
Туре	Mag Type #	Coil P/N for 120 VAC	Coil P/N for 24 VAC	PCB for 120 VAC
MV 505, MVD 505, MVDLE 205	100 (ID# 230983 for 120 VAC and 240310 for 24 VAC)	230983	240310	252332A
MV 507, MVD 507, MVD 510, MVDLE 207, MVDLE 210	200 (ID# 230986 for 120 VAC and 240311 for 24 VAC)	230986	240311	267126
MVD 512, MVD 515, MVDLE 212, MVDLE 215 & MVDLE 220	300 (ID# 230989)	230989	Not available	267127
MVD 520 & MVDLE 225	400 (ID# 230991)	230991	Not available	267128
MVD 525 & MVDLE 230	500 (ID# 230992)	230992	Not available	267128
MVD 530	550 (ID# 230993)	230993	Not available	267128

Valve Designation	P/N for Hydraulic Brake	P/N for replacement side tap
MVDLE 205/602	223159	225132
MVDLE 207/602	223158	225132
MVDLE 210/602	223158	225132
MVDLE 212/602	223158	225132
MVDLE 215/602	223158	225132
MVDLE 220/602	223158	225132
MVDLE 225/602	223157	Not available
MVDLE 230/602	223157	Not available

Valve Designation	P/N for Adjustment Knob	P/N for replacement side tap
MV 505, MVD 505/602	231789	225132
MV 507, MVD 507/602	231790	225132
MVD 510/602	231790	225132
MVD 512/602	231790	225132
MVD 515/602	231790	225132
MVD 520/602	231790	225132
MVD 525/602	231791	Not available
MVD 530/602	231791	Not available

Valve Designation	P/N for Cover Junction Box
All MVD valves	267129 (Includes 4 mounting screws)

Valve Accessories	
Description	P/N
CPI 400 Valve Switch	266968
Visual Indicator	217665
Side plate (two, 1/4" NPT taps)	225132 (Includes gasket, but not screws)



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