Instruction Manual Form 5007 133 Series

August 2008

# 133 Series Self-Operated Regulators



TYPES 133H, 133L, AND 133Z REGULATORS



**TYPE 133HP REGULATOR** 

Figure 1. 133 Series Gas Regulators

### Introduction

## **WARNING**

Installation, operation and maintenance procedures performed by unqualified personnel may result in improper adjustment and unsafe operation. Either condition may result in equipment damage or personnel injury. Use qualified personnel when installing, operating and maintaining the 133 Series regulators.

If a leak develops in the system, the escaping gas may accumulate and become a fire or explosion hazard. Immediately call qualified service personnel in case of trouble.

### **Scope of Manual**

This manual provides specifications, instructions for installation, adjustment, maintenance, and parts information for the 133 Series.

Only personnel qualified through training or experience should install, operate and maintain this regulator. If there are any questions concerning these instructions, contact your local Sales Office before proceeding.

### **Description**

W6803

The 133 Series self-operated gas regulators, shown in Figure 1 are primarily designed for industrial and commercial applications supplying gas to furnaces, burners and other appliances. The 133 Series balancing system enables the regulator to provide accurate control gas pressure for maximum combustion efficiency despite varying inlet pressure conditions. The single port construction provides bubble tight shutoff. An external downstream control line is required for the operation of the regulator. A restriction collar is available to reduce the flow capacity of the regulator.





### **Specifications**

#### **End Connections**

2-inch Cast iron NPT (internal), cast iron CL125 FF flanged, steel NPT (internal). or steel CL150 RF flanged

### **Outlet Pressure Ranges**

See Table 1

#### Maximum Inlet Pressures(1)

See Table 2

#### **Maximum Outlet Pressures**

See Table 2

### **Pressure Registration**

External; downstream control line is required.

#### **Construction Materials**

**Body:** Cast iron or Steel **Orifice and Cage:** Aluminum

Valve Disk: Aluminum/Neoprene (CR)

O-Rings: Nitrile (NBR)

Diaphragms: Nitrile (NBR)/Nylon (PA)

(neoprene (CR) in actuator) **Guide Bushing:** Nylon

Stem and Stem Sleeve: Stainless steel

Diaphragm Plate: Steel

Balancing Diaphragm Plate: Plated Steel

**Spring Case:** 

Type 133 HP: Cast Iron

Types 133H, 133L, and 133Z: Aluminum

Lower Casing: Aluminum Closing Cap: Cast iron

Adjusting Screw: Steel

**Optional Restriction Collar:** Aluminum

#### Temperature Capabilities(1)

-20° to 150°F (-29° to 66°C)

#### **Control Line Connection**

Types 133H, 133L, and 133Z: 3/4-inch NPT (internal); connection will be positioned directly over body outlet (standard position) or 90 degrees right or left of standard position if specified Type 133HP: 1/4-inch NPT (internal) connection positioned directly over body outlet

### **Vent Connection**

Types 133H, 133L, and 133Z: 1-inch NPT (internal) with screen; standard position is in line with control line connection directly over body outlet. Vent will always be positioned over the control line connection Type 133HP: 1/2-inch NPT (internal) connection positioned directly over body inlet with a Fisher® Type Y602-7

### **Approximate Weight**

Types 133H, 133L, and 133Z NPT End Connections: 35 pounds (15,9 kg)

Types 133H, 133L, and 133Z Flanged End

Connections: 40 pounds (18,1 kg)
Type 133HP NPT End Connections:

56.5 pounds (25,6 kg)

Type 133HP Flanged End Connections:

62.5 pounds (28,3 kg)

### Type Number Description

**Type 133H**—High pressure construction for outlet pressure range of 1.5 to 10 psig (0,10 to 0,69 bar). The Type 133H can also use the 2-inches w.c. to 2 psig (5,00 mbar to 0,14 bar) springs of the Type 133L. The maximum operating inlet pressure is 60 psig (4,14 bar) with a maximum emergency inlet pressure of 125 psig (8,62 bar).

**Type 133HP**—Extra high pressure construction for outlet pressure range of 2 to 60 psig (0,14 to 4,14 bar). The maximum operating inlet pressure rating of 150 psig (10,3 bar) with a maximum emergency inlet pressure of 150 psig (10,3 bar).

**Type 133L—**Low pressure construction for outlet pressure range of 2-inches w.c. to 2 psig (5,00 mbar to 0,14 bar). The maximum operating inlet pressure is 60 psig (4,14 bar) with a maximum emergency inlet pressure of 125 psig (8,62 bar).

**Type 133Z—**Zero governor construction for outlet pressure range of -1 to 4-inches w.c. (-2,00 to 10,00 mbar). The maximum operating inlet pressure is 20 psig (1,38 bar) with a maximum emergency inlet pressure of 125 psig (8,62 bar).

<sup>1.</sup> None of the pressure/temperature limits in this Instruction Manual, nor any applicable standard limitation, should not be exceeded.

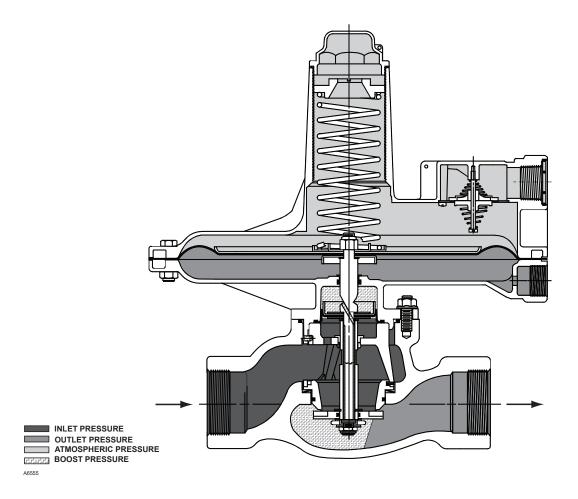


Figure 2. Operational Schematic of Type 133L Regulator (Also Typical of Type 133H)

## **Principle Operation**

Refer to the operational schematics in Figures 2 and 3. In the 133 Series, downstream pressure is registered under the diaphragm via the external control line and is used as the operating medium. Increased demand lowers the downstream pressure and allows the spring to move the diaphragm and stem assembly down, opening the valve disk and supplying more gas to the downstream system. Decreased demand increases the downstream pressure and moves the diaphragm and stem assembly up, closing the valve disk and decreasing the gas supply to the downstream system.

## **Boosting System**

The 133 Series incorporates a balancing diaphragm and a boosting system. When the regulator is locked up, inlet pressure is registered on the top of the valve disk and on the bottom of the balancing diaphragm through registration holes in the top of the cage. Also,

downstream pressure is registered on the bottom of the valve disk and on the top of the balancing diaphragm through a passage formed by grooves in the registration disk and an annular space between the stem and stem sleeve.

When the valve disk is open, gas flows from the inlet over the edge of the valve disk to the outlet. Under the valve disk near the registration disk, there is little gas flow. The gas pressure near the registration disk is higher than it is in the flow path where gas velocity tends to lower the pressure. The higher pressure near the disk is registered on the top of the balancing diaphragm through the registration disk and the annular space between the stem and stem sleeve.

This pressure registered on the top of the balancing diaphragm aids downward disk travel and compensates for spring and diaphragm effect. This improves regulator range ability and performance.

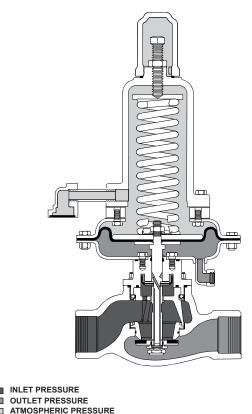


Figure 3. Operational Schematic of Type 133HP

### Installation

Before installing the 133 Series regulators, inspect it for shipping damage and be certain that the body and orifice are clean. Blow out the pipeline to remove pipe scale and other foreign material.

The regulator may be installed in any position as long as the flow through the body is the same as indicated by the flow direction arrow on the body and the vent opening is unobstructed and protected from the entrance of rain, ice and other foreign material.

If the regulator has threaded end connections, coat male threads with pipe compound. For flanged end connections, tighten the flange bolts evenly. Install a three valve bypass around the 133 Series if continuous operation is necessary.

The regulator must be protected from damage by vehicles and other outside sources.

## **Overpressure Protection**

The 133 Series regulators, as is the case with most regulators, has an outlet pressure rating that is lower than the inlet pressure rating. Some type of

overpressure protection is needed if the actual inlet pressure exceeds the outlet pressure rating.

Maximum operating inlet pressure for the 133 Series regulators is given in Table 2. All models must be protected against inlet pressure above their listed maximum.

Regulator operation below these emergency pressure limitations does not preclude the possibility of damage from external sources or from debris in the gas line. The regulator should be inspected for damage after any overpressure condition.

### **Downstream Control Line**

An external downstream control line must be installed before putting the 133 Series regulators in operation. Without the control line, the regulator will remain wideopen. The downstream control line should be a pipe of at least 1/2-inch (12,7 mm) diameter; connect it to the downstream pipe line at least 5 to 10 pipe diameters from the regulator and in a straight section of pipe.

The external downstream control line connection on the Type 133HP is 1/4-inch threaded NPT.

#### Vent

The 133 Series vent is screened to prevent insects or foreign material from entering. On indoor installations, if a vent to atmosphere is required, remove the snap ring and screen (keys 8J and 8H; Figure 10, 11, or 12) from the Types 133H, 133L, and 133Z. Remove the Type Y602-7 screened vent and pipe nipple (keys 50 and 49; Figure 14) from the spring case (key 8) and pipe the vent to the outside. The Types 133H, 133L, and 133Z have a 1-inch NPT (internal) connection and the Type 133HP has a 1/2-inch NPT (internal) construction.

The vent pipe should be as short as possible with a minimum of bends and elbows. The pipe should also have as large a diameter as possible. Install a weather and bug resistant vent assembly on the outside end of the vent pipe.

For indoor installation that have been piped to the outside and for outdoor installations, the vent opening must be positioned so that water, ice and other foreign material cannot enter the spring case. Use care not to place the vent opening below downspouts and eaves. The vent opening should be checked periodically to see that the opening has not been plugged by foreign material. On some installations it may be necessary to provide additional protection from the elements.

	OUTLET PRESS	SURE RANGE	CONTROL SPRINGS					
TYPE	Inches w.c./Psig	bar/mbar	Part Number	Color Code Stripe	Free Length, Inch (mm)	Wire Diameter, Inch (mm)		
133H <sup>(1)</sup>	1.5 to 3 psig 2 to 5 psig 5 to 10 psig	0,10 to 0,21 bar 0,14 to 0,34 bar 0,34 to 0,69 bar	1H975927032 10A9440X012 1J146927142	Orange Yellow Blue	7-3/8 (187) 6-15/32 (164) 6-3/16 (157)	0.250 (6,35) 0.283 (7,19) 0.375 (9,53)		
133HP <sup>(1)</sup>	2 to 5 psig		17B8632X012 17B8633X012 10C1238X012 10C1240X012 10C1241X012 10C1242X012 10C1242X012	Yellow Orange Silver Red Blue Green White	8-1/2 (216) 8-1/2 (216) 8-1/4 (210) 8-1/4 (210) 8-1/4 (210) 8-1/4 (210) 8-1/4 (210)	0.281 (7,14) 0.343 (8,71) 0.406 (10,31) 0.500 (12,70) 0.500 (12,70) 0.531 (13,49) 0.225 (5,72)		
133L <sup>(1)</sup> and 133H <sup>(2)</sup>	2 to 4-inches w.c. 3.5 to 6-inches w.c. 5 to 9-inches w.c. 8.5 to 18-inches w.c. 14 to 28-inches w.c. 0.75 to 2 psig	8.5 to 6-inches w.c.       9,00 to 15,00 mbar         5 to 9-inches w.c.       12,00 to 22,00 mbar         3.5 to 18-inches w.c.       21,00 to 45,00 mbar         14 to 28-inches w.c.       35,00 to 70,00 mbar		Brown Red Black White Green Blue	6-1/8 (156) 7-1/2 (190) 7-7/8 (200) 7-1/2 (190) 7-1/4 (184) 7-3/8 (187)	0.109 (2,77) 0.120 (3,05) 0.130 (3,30) 0.156 (3,96) 0.182 (4,62) 0.225 (5,72)		
	-1 to 1-inch w.c.	-2,00 to 2,00 mbar	1K633427012 (Extension Spring)	Black	2 (50,80)	0.075 (1,91)		
133Z <sup>(1)</sup>	0 to 4-inches w.c.	0 to 10,00 mbar	1K633427012 (Extension Spring) and 1D892527022 (Composition Spring)	Black Brown	2 (50,80) 6-1/8 (156)	0.075 (1,91) 0.109 (2,77)		

Table 1. 133 Series Outlet Pressure Ranges, Control Springs

<sup>2.</sup> If the 2-inches w.c. to 2 psig (5,00 mbar to 0,14 bar) springs (all 6 ranges) are used in the Type 133H, the pressure ranges will increase by approximately 1-inch w.c. (2,00 mbar) due to the weight of the Type 133H parts (assuming that the actuator is installed above the body).

	TYPE NUMBER						
PRESSURES	133H Psig (bar)	100111		133Z Psig (bar)			
Maximum Operating Inlet Pressure	60 (4,14)	150 (10,34)	60 (4,14)	20 (1,38)			
Maximum Emergency Inlet Pressure	125 (8,62)	150 (10,34)	125 (8,62)	125 (8,62)			
Maximum Operating Outlet Pressure <sup>(1)</sup>	10 (0,69)	Setpoint Plus 40 psi (2,76)	2 (0,14)	4-inches w.c. (10,00 mbar)			
Maximum Outlet Pressure Over Outlet Pressure Setting	3 (0,21)		3 (0,21)	3 (0,21)			
Maximum Emergency Outlet (Casing) Pressure	15 (1,03)	150 (10,34)	15 (1,03)	15 (1,03)			

Table 2. Maximum Inlet and Outlet Pressures

## Startup



If the downstream system is already pressured by another regulator or by a manual bypass, then extra precautions must be taken when placing the 133 Series in service. The outlet of the regulator must never be subjected to pressures higher than the inlet pressure, or the balancing diaphragm may be damaged. Also, the control line pressure must never exceed the set point dictated by the spring

setting by more than 3 psig (0,21 bar), or the valve seat or diaphragm plates can be damaged. The procedure used in putting the regulator in service must be planned accordingly. Pressure gauges should always be used to monitor downstream and control line pressures during startup.

If the downstream system is not pressured by another regulator or by manual bypass, use the following procedure.

- 1. Slowly open the upstream shutoff valve.
- 2. Slowly open the downstream shutoff valve.
- 3. Check all connections for leaks.

<sup>1.</sup> Pressure ranges shown are correct if the regulator is installed with the actuator portion above the body portion. If the regulator is installed with the actuator portion below the body, the pressure ranges will be lowered by approximately 2-inches w.c. (5,00 mbar) for the Type 133L and by approximately 3-inches w.c. (7,00 mbar) for the Types 133H and 133Z.

## **Adjustment**

To increase the pressure setting, remove the closing cap (key 9; Figures 10, 11, 12, and 14) and turn the adjusting screw (key 11) clockwise; to lower the setting, turn the adjusting screw counterclockwise. A pressure gauge should always be used when adjustments are being made. Do not adjust the spring to produce an outlet pressure setting above the limit stamped on the nameplate (key 38), located on the casing flange. If the required pressure setting is not within the range of the spring in use, substitute with the correct spring. Ranges of available springs are shown in Table 1. When changing the spring, also change the nameplate (key 38), located on the casing flange, to indicate the outlet pressure range.

### **Shutdown**

Isolate the regulator from the pressure system and release pressure from the outlet and the control line. Inlet pressure will then automatically be released as the regulator opens up in response to the lowered pressure on the diaphragm.

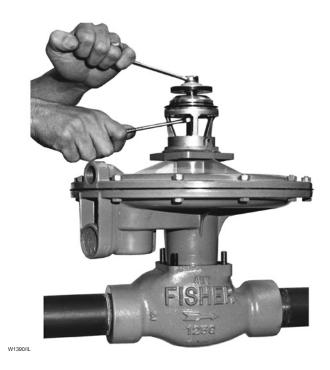
### **Maintenance**



To avoid personal injury, property damage, or equipment damage caused by sudden release of pressure or explosion of accumulated gas, do not attempt any maintenance or disassembly without first isolating the regulator from system pressure relieving all internal pressure from the equipment.

Do not loosen the diaphragm casing cap screws (keys 35 and 36) when the control spring (key 12) has spring force applied to it. Release the spring compression as described in step 6.

Due to normal wear that may occur in gas regulators, parts must be periodically inspected and replaced if necessary. The frequency of inspection depends on the severity of service conditions or state and federal laws. This section includes instructions for disassembly and replacement of parts. All key numbers refer to Figures 10, 11, 12, 14, and 15 except where indicated.



**Figure 4.** Spring Case Inserted in Body for Disassembly. Note Proper Method of Holding Stem and Sleeve When Loosening or Tightening Stem Nut.

### Types 133H, 133L, and 133Z

### Disassembly

 Disconnect the downstream control line from the regulator and disconnect the remote vent pipe if one is used.

#### Note

Allowing a slight amount of compression to remain in the regulator spring will facilitate disassembly of the trim parts.

- Unscrew the four nuts (key 34) and lift the actuator portion off the body (key 1). All of the trim parts will come out of the body with the actuator. The valve disk (key 28), orifice (key 2), and restriction collar (key 46, Figure 13), if used, can be inspected.
- 3. For further field disassembly and inspection, the actuator may be turned upside down and the spring case (key 8A) inserted into the body cavity (see Figure 4).



Use care in performing step 4 to guard against damage to the balancing diaphragm (key 22).



Figure 5. Inspecting Guide Bushing and Stem Seal O-Ring

- 4. Insert a 1/2-inch (12,7 mm) open-end wrench between the legs of the cage (key 5) and place the wrench on the stem sleeve wrench flats. Hold this wrench while unscrewing the nut (key 31) to prevent stem and stem sleeve (keys 18 and 25) rotation and diaphragm damage due to twisting (see Figure 4).
- 5. Remove the washer, registration disk, and valve disk (keys 30, 29, and 28). To remove the restriction collar (if used), loosen the set screw (key 47, Figure 13) and slip the E-Ring (key 26) and collar off of the stem. Remove the orifice (key 2) by rotating it until the pins (key 5A) in the cage line up with the slots in the orifice; then, lift off the orifice. Replace the valve disk and orifice if necessary.
- 6. Loosen the set screws (key 39) in the cage and remove the roll pin (key 27) from the stem. Remove the cage and stem sleeve, the sealing washer under the balancing diaphragm, flat washers (key 23), balancing diaphragm, and balancing diaphragm plate (key 21). Replace sealing washer and balancing diaphragm if necessary.
- To inspect or replace the upper stem seal O-ring or main diaphragm (key 15) on the Type 133L or 133H (Figure 10 or 11), remove the closing cap (key 9), disengage the adjusting screw (key 11), and remove the spring (key 12).

For Type 133Z (Figure 12), remove the closing cap (key 9) and disengage the adjusting screw (key 11). Lift the adjusting screw assembly (keys 11, 41, 42, 43, and 45) out of the spring case with pliers. Unhook the extension spring (key 44) from the spring retainer (key 42). Remove the compression spring (key 12) if one is used.



**Figure 6.** Installing Balancing Diaphragm. The Side of Diaphragm Marked Piston Side Must Face Casing.

- 8. Unscrew the cap screws and nuts (keys 35 and 36) and remove the spring case.
- Pull out the diaphragm and stem as assembly; replace diaphragm and sealing washer (key 17) if necessary. When removing or replacing the diaphragm, clamp the smallest diameter portion if the stem in a vise while turning the nut (key 20).
- If necessary, replace the guide bushing (key 6) and the upper stem seal O-ring (see Figure 5). Before reassembling, coat the O-ring with Bell-ray No. 80 or an equivalent O-ring sealant and lubricant.

### Reassembly

Reassemble in reverse order of the above steps. When reassembling, observe the following steps and cautions.

- If the spring case was disassembled, reassemble
  it first. To ensure proper slack in the diaphragm
  and to facilitate reassembly of the trim parts,
  tighten the casing cap screws finger-tight only.
  Then adjust the spring to stroke the diaphragm
  assembly fully. Final tightening of the casing
  cap screws and nuts must be done alternately in
  equal increments to ensure a proper seal without
  crushing the diaphragm.
- During reassembly, check all O-rings to be certain they are in good condition; replace if necessary. Lubricate the O-rings (keys 4, 19, and 32) with Dow Corning No. 3 or an equivalent elastomer sealant and lubricant.
- When installing the balancing diaphragm, be certain the side marked PISTON SIDE is facing the spring case. Carefully tuck the slack diaphragm material into the space between the diaphragm plate

and the lower casing (key 7) until the diaphragm fits smoothly over the diaphragm plate without wrinkles and the bead fits snugly and evenly in the groove provided in the lower casing. This can be done with a small screwdriver, but be careful no to puncture the diaphragm (see Figure 6).

- When replacing the cage, insert the set screws (key 39) only far enough to retain the cage. Do not tighten.
- The registration disk (key 29) is marked for proper placement; be certain it is positioned correctly on the stem.

### CAUTION

Always use the stem sleeve wrench flats when loosening or tightening the nuts (key 20 or 31) to prevent twisting of the main and balancing diaphragms (keys 15 and 22).

Be certain the Belleville spring washer (key 3) is in good condition and is in place before placing the actuator on the body.

### Type 133HP

Disassembly

## **WARNING**

To avoid personal injury, property damage, or equipment damage caused by sudden release of pressure or explosion of accumulated gas, do not attempt any maintenance or disassembly without first isolating the regulator from system pressure and relieving all internal pressure from the equipment.

Do not loosen the diaphragm casing cap screws (Figure 9, keys 35 and 36) when the control spring (key 12) has spring force applied to it. Release the spring compression as described in step 6.

This section includes instructions for disassembly and replacement of parts for the Type 133HP. All key numbers refer to Figures 7, 8, 9, 14, and 15.

 Disconnect the downstream control line from the regulator and disconnect the remote vent pipe if one is used.  Unscrew the four locknuts (key 34) and lift the actuator portion off the body (key 1). All of the trim parts will come out of the body with the actuator. The valve disc (key 28), orifice (key 2), and restriction collar (key 46) can now be inspected.

## CAUTION

Use care in performing step 3 to guard against damage to the balancing diaphragm (key 22).

- 3. Insert a 1/2-inch (12,70 mm) open-end wrench between the legs of the cage (key 5) and place the wrench on the stem sleeve wrench flats. Hold this wrench while unscrewing the nut (key 31) to prevent stem and stem sleeve (keys 18 and 25) rotation and diaphragm damage due to twisting.
- 4. Remove the washer, registration disc and valve disc (keys 30, 29, and 28). To remove the restriction collar loosen the set screw (key 47) and slip the E-ring (key 26) and collar off the stem. Lift off the orifice (key 2) and replace the valve disc and orifice if necessary.
- 5. Loosen the set screws (key 39) in the cage and remove the roll pin (key 27) from the stem. Remove the cage and stem sleeve, the sealing washer under the balancing diaphragm, flat washers (key 23), balancing diaphragm and balancing diaphragm plate (key 21). Replace the sealing washer and balancing diaphragm if necessary.

## **WARNING**

- To avoid personal injury due to the sudden uncontrolled movement of parts, do not loosen the diaphragm casing cap screws (keys 35 and 36) when the control spring (key 12) has spring force applied to it.
- Release the spring compression as described in step 6 below.
- 6. To inspect or replace the upper stem seal O-ring or main diaphragm (key 15), remove the closing cap (key 9), and inspect the closing cap gasket (key 10). Release the spring compression completely by loosening the hex nut (key 59) and turning the adjusting screw (key 11) counterclockwise.

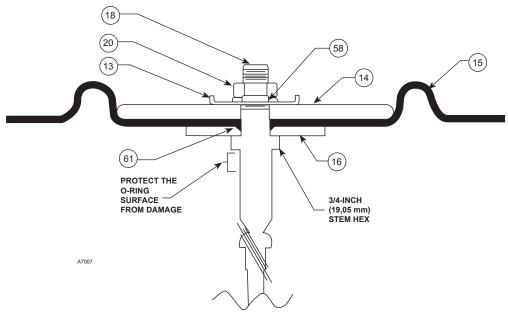


Figure 7. Stem and Diaphragm Assembly

- 7. Remove the six cap screws (key 62) from the spring case (key 8). Lift off the spring case, upper spring seat (key 41) and spring (key 12). Remove the diaphragm casing cap screws and hex nuts (keys 35 and 36), and lift off the upper diaphragm casing (key 52). Remove the cap screws (key 55) and mounting bracket (key 56). Inspect the two mounting bracket gaskets (key 57) and replace if necessary.
- 8. Remove the hex nut (key 20), lock washer (key 58) and spring seat (key 13) from the stem (key 18).
- Remove the diaphragm plate (key 14), diaphragm (key 15), diaphragm washer O-ring (key 61), and sealing diaphragm plate (key 16). Replace the diaphragm and diaphragm washer O-ring if necessary.
- 10. Remove the cap screws (key 53) and lift the lower diaphragm casing (key 7) off the casing adaptor (key 60). If necessary, replace the guide bushing (key 6) and upper stem seal O-ring (key 19). Before reassembling, coat the O-ring with a O-ring sealant and lubricant.

### Reassembly

When reassembling, observe the following steps and cautions. During reassembly, check all O-rings to be certain they are in good condition and replace if necessary. Coat O-rings (keys 4, 19, and 32) with Magnalube-G or an equivalent elastomer sealant and lubricant.

- With the Type 133HP completely disassembled, start the reassembly by applying Magnalube-G or an equivalent to the stem threads (key 18) and O-ring (key 61). Place the sealing diaphragm plate (key 16) on the stem followed by the O-ring (key 61), diaphragm (key 15), diaphragm plate (key 14), spring seat (key 13), lockwasher (key 58), and hex nut (key 20) as shown in Figure 7. To prevent diaphragm damage, torque the hex nut (key 20) to 25 to 30 foot-pounds, while using 3/4-inch (19,05 mm) wrench flats on the stem.
- If the street elbow (key 51) was removed, it must be reassembled before mounting the casing adaptor (key 60). Position the control line connection (street elbow) so that it points away from the casing adaptor.
- Lubricate the O-rings (keys 19, 32, and 54) and install as shown in Figure 8. Install the casing adaptor (key 60) to the lower casing (key 7) and tighten the cap screws (key 53) to 20 to 30 foot-pounds.
- 4. Insert the stem bearing (key 6) and carefully insert the stem (key 18).
- Assemble the upper diaphragm casing (key 52), mounting plate adaptor (key 56), and mounting plate gasket (key 57) as shown in Figure 9. Tighten the cap screws (key 55) to 20 to 30 foot-pounds of torque.

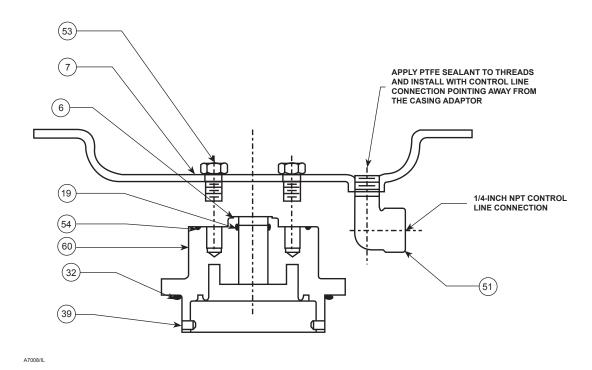


Figure 8. Lower Casing and Casing Adaptor Assembly

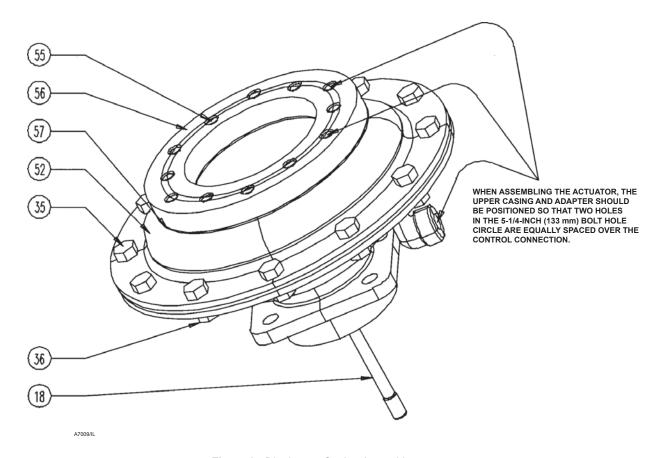


Figure 9. Diaphragm Casing Assembly

- 6. Assemble the upper and lower casings, noting that two of the holes in the 5-1/4-inch (133 mm) diameter bolt circle in the mounting plate adaptor must be spaced (aligned) an equal distance over the downstream control line connection. Install cap screws and hex nuts (keys 35 and 36) with a torque of 20 to 30 foot-pounds.
- Place the balancing plate washer (Figure 15, key 23), balancing diaphragm plate (key 21), balancing diaphragm (key 22) and a second balancing plate washer (key 23), onto the stem (key 18).

#### Note

When installing the balancing diaphragm, be certain the side marked PISTON SIDE is facing the spring case. Carefully tuck the slack diaphragm material into the space between the diaphragm plate and lower casing (Figure 6, key 7) until the diaphragm fits smoothly over the diaphragm plate without wrinkles and the bead fits snugly and evenly in the groove provided in the lower casing.

- 8. Apply Magnalube-G or equivalent to the sealing washer (key 17) and carefully slide over the threaded end of the stem (key 18).
- 9. Insert the guide bushing (key 24) into the cage (key 5), and slide the cage up onto the stem. Insert the set screws (key 39) only far enough to retain the cage. Do not tighten.
- Install the orifice (key 2) onto the cage (key 5).
   Install the Belleville spring washer (key 3) so that the concave face of the washer faces away from the orifice.
- 11. Install the E-ring (key 26) on the stem sleeve (key 25) and slide the stem sleeve over the stem aligning the slotted end of the stem sleeve so that the roll pin (key 27) can be inserted through the cross-drilled hole in the end of the stem.

## CAUTION

Always use the stem sleeve wrench flats when loosening or tightening the nuts (keys 20 or 31) to prevent twisting of the main and balancing diaphragms (keys 15 and 22).

- 12. Install the valve disk (key 28), registration disk (key 29), washer (key 30) and hex nut (key 31) onto the stem. The registration disk (key 29) is marked for proper placement; be certain it is positioned correctly on the stem (key 18). Tighten the hex nut (key 31) using the 1/2-inch (12,7 mm) wrench flats on the stem sleeve.
- 13. Insert the valve trim assembly into the body and position the downstream control line connection (key 51) so it is pointing directly over the body outlet.
- 14. Install and tighten the hex nuts (key 34) to 28 to 32 foot-pounds of torque.
- 15. Apply anti-seize to the adjusting screw (key 11) and upper spring seat (key 41). Install the adjusting screw and hex jam nut (key 59) into the spring case (key 8). Position the control spring (key 12) and upper spring seat on the diaphragm plate (key 14) and lower spring seat (key 13).
- 16. Install the mounting plate gasket (key 57) and place the spring case on the mounting bracket (key 56). Install the cap screws (key 62) and torque to 18 to 22 foot-pounds.
- 17. Screw in the pipe nipple (key 49) and vent (key 50). Install the closing cap gasket (key 10) and closing cap (key 9).

## **Parts Ordering**

When corresponding with your local Sales office about this equipment, be sure to include the type number and other information stamped on the nameplate.

When ordering replacement parts, reference the key number of each needed part and specify the eleven character part number as found in the following parts list.

#### **Parts List**

Part Number
R133HX00012
30A3044X012
30A3045X012
30B0855X012
30B0854X012
20A3046X012
10A3047X012
10A9339X012

<sup>\*</sup> Recommended spare parts.

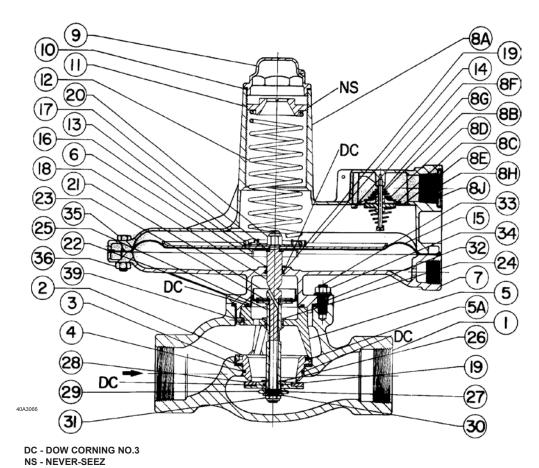


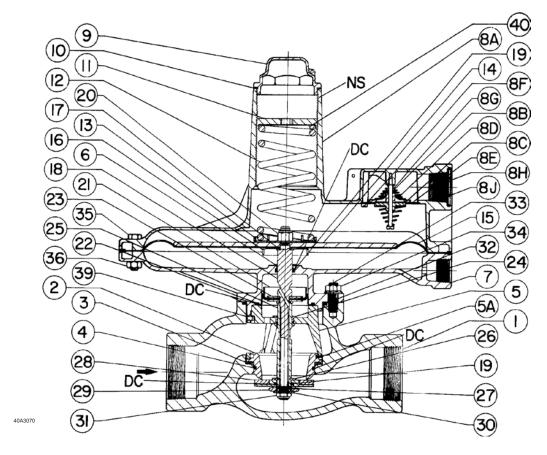
Figure 10. Type 133L Assembly

Key	Description	Part Number	Key	Description	Part Number
5*	Cage, aluminum (including roll pins, key 5A)	20A3048X012	10*	Closing Cap Gasket, neoprene (CR)	
6*	Bearing, nylon (PA)	10A3049X012		Types 133H, 133L, and 133Z	1N446206992
7	Lower Casing			Type 133HP,	1R742604022
	Types 133H, 133L, and 133Z, aluminum	40A3050X012	11	Adjusting Screw	
	Type 133HP, steel	32B3499X012		Type 133H, brass	1V9069X0012
8	Spring Case			Type 133L, aluminum	1L928608012
	Type 133HP, cast iron	2H140619012		Type 133Z, brass	1K633714012
	Parts 8A through 8J are used on			Type 133HP, steel	1H139731012
	Types 133H, 133L, and 133Z only		12	Spring, steel	
A8	Spring Case, aluminum	4L142308032		Type 133H	
8B	Flapper Stem, 302 stainless steel	1H976335022		1.5 to 3 psig (0,10 to 0,21 bar)	
8C	Lower Flapper, Nylon (PA)	1H976406992		Orange	1H975927032
8D	Upper Flapper, polyethylene	1H976506992		2 to 5 psig (0,14 to 0,34 bar)	
8E	Orifice, 302 stainless steel	1H976636012		Yellow	10A9440X012
8F	Screw, zinc plated steel (3 required)	1H976728982		5 to 10 psig (0,34 to 0,69)	
8G	Spring, 302 stainless steel (2 required)	1H976837022		Blue	1J146927142
8H	Screen, Monel®	1E564843122		Type 133L and 133H <sup>(1)</sup>	
8J	Snap Ring, 302 stainless steel	1E564937022		2 to 4-inches w.c. (5,00 to 10,00 mbar)	
9	Closing Cap, aluminum			Brown	1D892527022
	Types 133H, 133L, and 133Z	1L928308012		3.5 to 6-inches w.c. (9,00 to 15,00 mbar)	
	Type 133HP	00288819012		Red	1D892627022

<sup>\*</sup> Recommended spare parts.

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If the 2-inches w.c. to 2 psig (5,00 mbar to 0,14 bar) springs listed under Type 133L are used in the Type 133H, the pressure ranges will increase by approximately 1-inch w.c. (2,00 mbar) due to the weight of the Type 133H parts (assuming that the actuator is installed above the body).

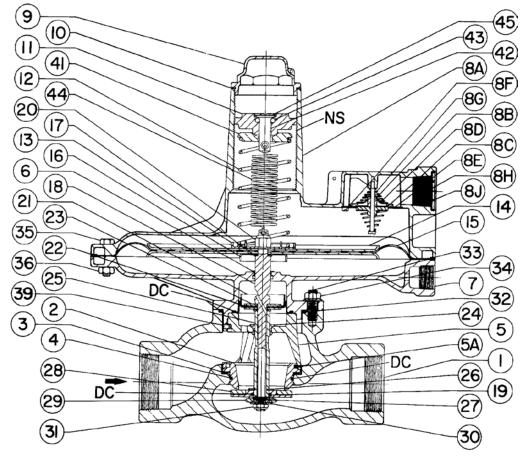


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Figure 11. Type 133H Assembly

Key	Description	Part Number	Key	Description	Part Number
12	Spring, steel (continued)		12	Spring, steel (continued)	100101117010
	5 to 9-inches w.c. (12,00 to 22,00 mbar) Black	1D892727012		Blue 36 to 50 psig (2,48 to 3,45 bar)	10C1241X012
	8.5 to 18-inches w.c. (21,00 to 45,00 mbar)	10092121012		Green	10C1242X012
	White	1D893227032		45 to 60 psig (3,10 to 4,14 bar)	10012427012
	14 to 28-inches w.c. (35,00 to 70,00 mbar)	.500022.002		White	10C1243X012
	Green	1D893327032	13	Spring Seat, plated steel	
	0.75 to 2 psig (0,05 to 0,14 bar)			Types 133H, 133L, and 133Z	10A3052X012
	Blue	1H975827032		Type 133HP	12B3518X012
	Type 133Z		14	Diaphragm Plate, steel	
	(Extension spring, key 44, also required)			Type 133H (1 required)	1D555725012
	0 to 4-inches w.c. (0 to 10,00 mbar)			Type 133L (1 required)	1J881725072
	Brown	1D892527022		Type 133Z (2 required)	1J881725072
	(Extension spring, key 44, silver, also required)			Type 133HP (1 required)	1D555725012
	Type 133HP		15*	Diaphragm, nitrile (NBR) and nylon (PA)	
	2 to 5 psig (0,14 to 0,34 bar)			Types 133H, 133L, and 133Z	1N150802052
	Yellow	17B8632X012		Type 133HP	32B3520X012
	4.5 to 10 psig (0,31 to 0,69 bar)		16	Sealing Diaphragm Plate, zinc plated steel	
	Orange	17B8633X012		Types 133H, 133L, and 133Z	1D475725062
	6 to 20 psig (0,41 to 1,38 bar)			Type 133HP	12B3517X012
	Silver	10C1238X012	17*	Sealing Washer, steel and synthetic rubber	4500040000
	16 to 30 psig (1,10 to 2,07 bar)	10010101010	4.0	(2 required)	1F990428982
	Red	10C1240X012	18	Stem, 416 stainless steel	00400=0\/040
	26 to 40 psig (1,79 to 2,76 bar)			Types 133H and 133L	20A3053X012
				Type 133Z	10A3069X012
				Type 133HP	37B3942X012

<sup>\*</sup> Recommended spare parts.



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Figure 12. Type 133Z Assembly

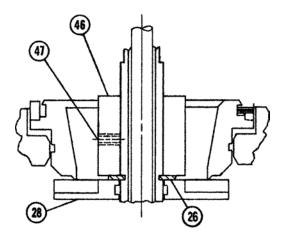


Figure 13. Optional Restriction Collar Assembly

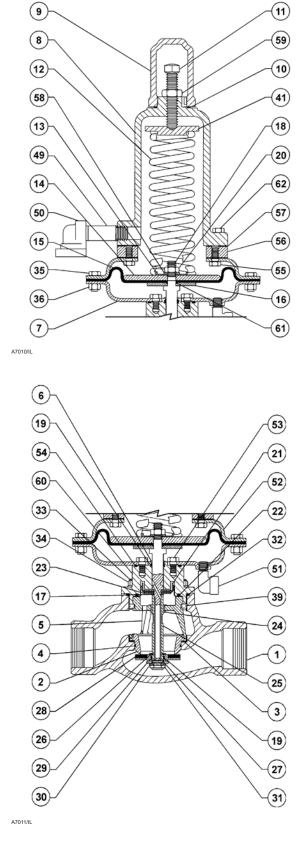


Figure 14. Type 133HP Actuator Assembly

## 133 Series

Key	Description	Part Number	Key	Description	Part Number
19*	O-Ring, nitrile (NBR)		41	Upper Spring Seat, brass	
	Types 133L and 133H (2 required)	1E5914X0042		Type 133Z only	1K633514012
	Type 133Z (1 required)	1E5914X0042		Type 133HP	1H140124092
	Type 133HP (2 required)	F1367806562	42	Spring Retainer, brass	
20	Hex Nut			Type 133Z only	1K633814012
	Types 133H, 133L, and 133Z, aluminum	1D5297X0012	43	Ball, 440C stainless steel (10 required)	
	Type 133HP	1A413224122		Type 133Z only	1B793546202
21	Diaphragm Plate, plated steel	10A3054X012	44	Extension Spring, steel	
22*	Diaphragm, nitrile (NBR) and nylon (PA)	10A3055X012		Type 133Z only, Black stripe	1K633427012
23	Washer, plated steel (2 required)	10A3056X012	45	Retaining Ring, plated steel	
24*	Guide Bushing, nylon (PA)	10A3057X012		Type 133Z only	10A3074X012
25	Stem Sleeve, 303 stainless steel	10A3061X012	46	Restriction Collar, aluminum	
26	E-Ring, plated steel	1F599428982		25% capacity	12A7404X012
27	Roll Pin, steel	1E954028992		40% capacity	12A7402X012
28*	Valve Disk Assembly, aluminum/neoprene (CR)	10A3058X012		60% capacity	12A7403X012
29	Registration Disk, nylon (PA)	10A3060X012	47	Set Screw	1N830528992
30	Washer, zinc plated steel	1D716228982	49	Pipe Nipple, plated steel	1A473526012
31	Hex Nut, zinc plated steel	1C121928982	50	Vent Assembly, Type Y602-7	17A6572X022
32*	O-Ring, nitrile (NBR)	1J1079X0012	51	Street Elbow, plated steel	1A913221992
33	Stud, alloy steel (4 required)	10A3062X012	52	Upper Diaphragm Casing, steel	2F581125062
34	Locknut, plated alloy steel (4 required)	10A3063X012	53	Cap Screw, (4 required) plated steel	1D529824052
35	Cap Screw, plated steel		54*	Adaptor O-Ring, nitrile (NBR)	1F914106992
	Types 133H, 133L, and 133Z (12 required)	1B136324052	55	Cap Screw, (6 required) plated steel	1A368424052
	Type 133HP (12 required)	1E760324052	56	Mounting Bracket, plated steel	1H140025032
36	Hex Nut, plated steel		57*	Mounting Bracket Gasket, neoprene (CR) (2 required)	
	Types 133H, 133L, and 133Z (12 required)	1A309324122	58	Lock Washer, plated steel	1A487828992
	Type 133HP	1A346524122	59	Hex Jam Nut, plated steel	1A319224122
37	NamePlate, aluminum	11A0470X0A2	60	Casing Adaptor, steel	37B4486X012
38	NamePlate, brass	13A0496X0A2	61*	Diaphragm Washer O-Ring, nitrile (NBR)	1C782206992
39	Set Screw, alloy steel (2 required)	10A3051X012	62	Cap Screw, (6 required) plated steel	1A341824052
40*	Thrust Washer, nylon (PA)				
	Type 133H only	1V9661X0012			

<sup>\*</sup>Recommended spare parts.

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